## CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY

## INFORMATION REPORT

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COUNTRY	USSR (Kalinin Oblast)		REPORT		
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5. The Germans on Gorodomlya Island lived within a barbed wire enclosure and under the surveillance of armed guards. The enclosure included the entire area of the island. Within it 25X1 were free to move about except in the immediate 25X1 proximity of the fence, which was constantly patrolled. In the summer were allowed to pass through the fence at two places in order to reach bathing beaches. Buoys which carried signs designating the area of the island as forbidden surrounded the island.

6. There were two food shops within the area, one for the Germans and another for the Soviets, and a general store (promtovarnyy magazin). lived in wooden houses under very crowded conditions.

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two families to a two-room house.

It was customary to assign
The Soviets were equally
crowded, if not more so.

7. Most of the Soviet higher echelon personnel lived in Ostashkov and commuted daily by boat in the summer or by bus in the winter, when Seliger Lake was frozen over. Germans were not allowed to live in Ostashkov. There was one exception, an 18-year-old German girl who was permitted to complete her studies at the 10-year school there in 1951.

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SECRET 25X1 25X1 There were ap-8. proximately 100 German children on Gordonlys, German teachers. selected from among the German dependent personnel and the islandtaught the first four grades, and the next three grades were taught by Sevirete, except for certain special analysis which the Soviet teachers mere not prepared to teach. The school itself was quite inadequate. A new and larger school was built on the island in 1951. The second The Germans on Gorodomlya lived in an area to themselves. (Nearby was a small Soviet village, Pervomayka, where only Soviets lived.) There were more Germans than Soviets on the island and 25X1 the local club building more than they did. used the club building when presenting musicals and amateur theatrical productions; Soviet films were shown there sporadically. The only Soviet radio on Gorodomlya was located in the club building and the Soviet houses had loud-speakers installed which were connected with this one radio. Many of the Germans had their own radio sets, on which they frequently listened to RIAS broad-10. A Communist Party organization existed at the institute and held regular meetings, usually at the end of the working day. The Party organization was not very large, but included representatives of all work levels. There was a larger Komsomol organization which held frequent meetings and engaged in propaganda work in the plant. The key personnel in the plant were generally chosen for their ability at least one 25X1 case of a Party member who had absolutely no technical training. being chief of a plant division. The number of NKVD-MGB personnel in the plant was considerable but their activities were not always known 25X1 known fact that the so-called First Department was staffed by NKVD personnel. This department issued all security instructions and controlled their execution. Every employee who dealt with secret material received a folder in which his papers were to be kept. At the end of the day this folder was sealed and, with several others, was put into a small box which was also sealed before it was put away for the night. Each folder and each box had to have a complete list of contents included. This material was returned in the morning upon receipt of the employee's identification card. It was strictly forbidden, of course, to take any papers from the plant. There was still another section in the plant which was manned by NKVD personnel and whose function was not known 25X1 five people, usually dressed in NKVD uniforms, worked in a room with a padded door which was closed on the outside by means of a 25X1 steel bar and a multiple look. The officials of this section were not there at all times -- only an hour or so each day. One of them always lived on the island. 25X1 they were usually very cordial one, <u>Chesnokov</u>, whose official title was Planning Engineer. He was succeeded by a Captain Morochev who was always in uniform and was accompanied by a woman interpreter. Morochev was succeeded by a First Lieutenant Korsakov. who often 25X1 appeared in civilian clothes.

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received a so-called "attendance check"

(Anwesenheitsmarke)

These were stamped according to the department in which the employee worked.

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- 14. Plant guards were posted in front of the institute building before each separate unit, and patrolled the area. They were under a commanding officer who was directly responsible to the director of the institute and would take no orders from anyone else. The guards were no special uniforms but were permitted to wear old army clothes. They were all provided with either a gun or a pistol.
- 15. There were but few instances of Germans getting into difficulty with the NKVD. One German engineer\*was sentenced to a half year's imprisonment for refusing to work. He was sent to Kalinin and there, at the expiration of this period, was given a prolonged sentence. His friends on Gorodomlya received a few letters from him in which he asked for money and then there was no further word from him. He seemed to have disappeared forever.
- 16. There was some talk of the activities of an underground resistance group in East Germany and several specialists were subjected to questioning in this connection. There were, however, no arrests made on the island as a result of this investigation.

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- 17. The German specialists received much higher salaries than the Soviets. Among the latter the director received 2500 rubles a month, department heads 2000, engineers 1500, technical workers 1000 to 1500, secretaries 500 to 1000, plumbers 600, laborers 500, guards 400 or less, and construction helpers (women) 300 or 250. The interpreter/translator was paid on a piecework basis and earned as much as 2000 rubles a month. The small circle of high-level personnel and key technicians were given bonuses in addition to their basic salaries.
- 18. German department heads (who always had Soviet deputies) were paid 8500 rubles a month, scientific workers 6000 to 7500, graduate engineers 4000 to 5000, other engineers 3000, and master artisans 2500. Since those possessing university degrees were given higher salaries, there was a tendency for specialists to falsify their titles. In one case it was discovered that a German had falsely claimed the possession of a doctor's degree and his salary was reduced from 6000 to 2000 rubles. Strangely enough, this German decided to become a naturalized Soviet citizen and remained in the Soviet Union.
- 19. For a long time no particular attempts were made to politically indoctrinate the Germans on Gorodomlya. A government commission from Moscow visited the institute in 1950 and decided that the Germans there were politically immature and that political courses should be organized. Some of the Germans also took the initiative and suggested that political study circles be formed. This was done with Soviet instructors and a study of The History of the All-Union Communist Party. Holshëvik Short Course was undertaken. The enterprise did not last long, however. After an enthusiastic start, the attendance of Germans fell off more and more. The Germans soon discovered that the Soviet instructors were completely incapable of explaining such political questions to

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